# EXHIBIT B PART 8 OF 10

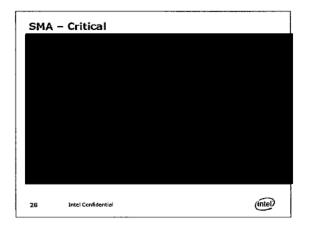


# <u>Compensation</u>

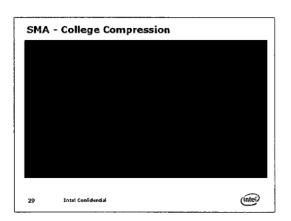
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### Focal Budget Development, Continued

Slide 28 – SMA Critical



Slide 29 – SMA College Compression

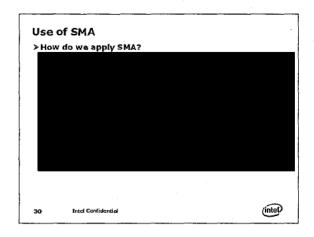


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### Focal Budget Development, Continued

Slide 30 – Use of SMA



Slide 31-Practice Exercise

# Practice Exercise - Explain the different factors used to develop Intel's yearly Focal Budget Use the following questions to check your understanding of Intel's compensation strategies, objectives and timelines. At each table work as a team t You will have 5 minutes to complete. Combine your score with your score from the previous practice exercise to determine the winning team. 1. What are the three different types of pay that make up the focal budget? 2. What are the three main factors that drive each year's focal budget? 3. At what point in the compensation planning cycle is the optimum time for BGHR and the business to give input on job roles and the potential need for salary adjustment? 4. Why is it important to get BGHR and business input and ensure job code cleanup prior to SMA adjustment decisions? 5. What do we mean when we say Total Cash Position-of-Market (POM)? 6. How is the strategy for SMA determined?

Divide the class into the same table groups used in the previous exercise. Have each group work on the practice exercise. Allow five minutes for questions. Refer the participants to page 21 of the Participant Guide.

Answer key is on the next page.

Continued on next page

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Participant Guide - Comp



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### **Focal Budget Development Practice Exercise**

Here are the answers to the practice exercise questions.

- 1. What are the three different types of pay that make up the focal budget? Merit pay, Promo dollars, SMA
- 2. What are the three main factors that drive each year's focal budget? External climate, internal climate and cost basis
- 3. At what point in the compensation planning cycle is the optimum time for BGHR and the business to give input on job roles and the potential need for salary adjustment? Not sure what the answer is here... think Q3???
- 4. Why is it important to get BGHR and business input and ensure job code cleanup prior to SMA adjustment decisions? Unless accurate job code placement occurs, the SMA adjustments will not accurately reflect Position-of-market.
- 5. What do we mean when we say Total Cash Position-of-Market (POM)? Position of Market (POM) is the average Intel pay rate compared to the average Market rate for a given position
- 6. How is the strategy SMA determined? SMA is determined by analyzing market data and comparing POM to Intel's pay goals.



# **BGHR Role in Compensation**

Slide 32 – BGHR Role

### **BGHR Role in Compensation**

Partner effectively with business groups to determine when data indicate a need to revise business group job role benchmarking

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Slide 33 – Next Steps

### HRBP's Next Steps

- What: Use the knowledge gained today to more effectively partner with business groups and Compensation through the Focal process and YRPM.
  - · Refresh on Comp 101 if needed
  - · Look for January focal budget announcements
- > When: Year round, special emphasis during Focal period.
- How: Utilize the training to Identify where BGHR and Comp partner in the Compensation Cycle.

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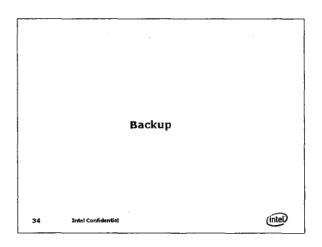
Participant Guide - Comp



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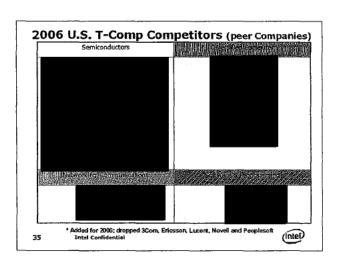
# **Back Up Material**

Slide 34 – Back Up



Use the back up slides to help answer any questions that might come up during the class.

Slide 35 – T-Comp Competitors

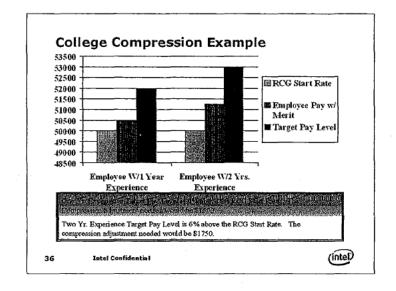


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### Back Up Material, Continued

Slide 36 -Example



Slide 37 – Implementation Plan

Instructors	Time Frame	Mandatory- BGHR	Training Maintenance	Content owners	Reviewer's/Approv
					Claire, Mico, Paulette
	WW 49-04	1	Ī		Gary, Julie, Brad,
Comp		i	Intel U., BGHR	1	Melanie, Lisa
Consultants	15	No	HR ED Portal	J. Turnock, L. Foster	
1	1				Claire, Mke, Paulette
1		1	1	1	Gary, Julie, Brad.
					Metanie, Lisa
Consultants	15	No	HR ED Portal	J. Tumock, I. Foster	
1		1	l	1	Claire, Mike, Paulett
1	1	1	but BOUD	1	Gary, Julie, Brad. Melanie, Lisa
Saff Danad	End of OLDZ	No		I Turnout I Forter	Michaelle, Lisa
CONTRACT	Land of Gran	100	TIK ED FORE	J. Tallion, L. Toxici	Claire, Mike, Paulett
1	1	Yes for	l	1	Gary, Julie, Brad,
Julia and	1	Соптр	Intel U., BGHR		Melanie, Lisa
Lincoln	VWV 48-49	Consultants	HR ED Portal	J. Turnock, L. Foster	
	Comp Consultants Comp Consultants Self Paced	Comp UWW 49-04 Tomsulfants 15 UWW 49-04 Tomsulfants 15 UWW 49-04 Tomp Tomsulfants 15 Seft Paced End of Q1 07 UWW 49-04 UWW 49-04 Tomsulfants 15 UWW 49-04 UW	Computation Self Paced End of Q1 07 No Yes for Computis and Computation Self Paced End of Q1 07 No Yes for Computis and Computation Self Paced End of Q1 07 No Yes for Computation Self Paced End of Q1 07 No Yes for Comp	Comp	Comp   UWW 49-04   Intel U. BGHR   J. Turnock, L. Fester

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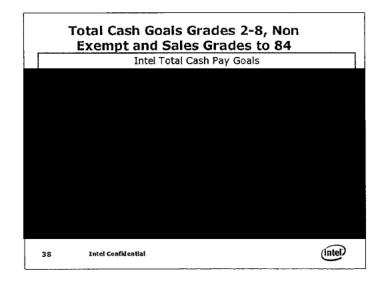
Participant Guide - Comp



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### Back Up Material, Continued

Slide 38 – T-Cash Goals



# Exhibit D



### FSM Pre-Focal Analysis 2007

January 5, 2007 Elizabeth Waterman, Compensation Consultant

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# 2007 Pre-Focal Prep

### **Today's Objective:**

Review and educate on '07 Market data, budget and group compensation trends

### Agenda:

- Review Focal budgets
- Review and discuss biz group specific analysis
- SMA Strategy and Priorities
- Grade 11-12 Staff
- Wrap Up

The data in this presentation provides compensation analysis that may help you when developing your Focal objectives

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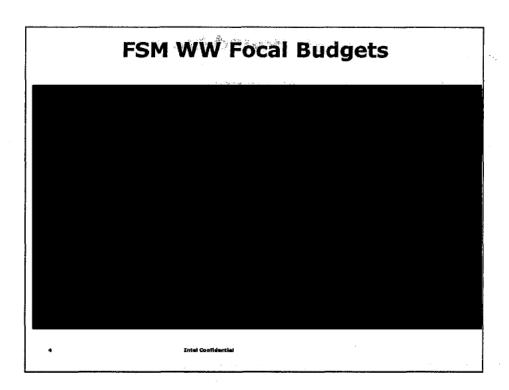
# Focal-"Sound bites"

Merit and promotion budget recommendations track with the market arket - Merit and promotion increases similar to last year

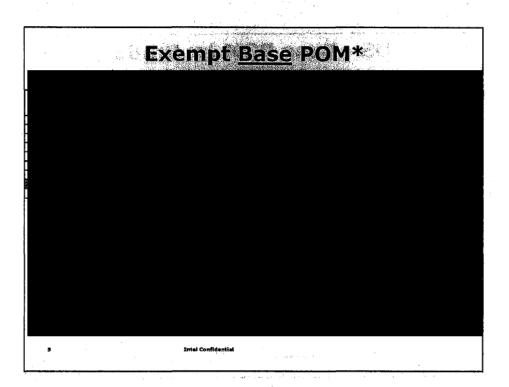
Intel continues with 3-year SMA strategy

- Improving market competitiveness
  - Base Pay for Grade 11+EB targets for Grade 10-11

  - Salary Ranges
- Changes to Stock Option program in line with strategy communicated last year to managers to reduce SOP.
- · Apply meritocracy and "do the right thing"



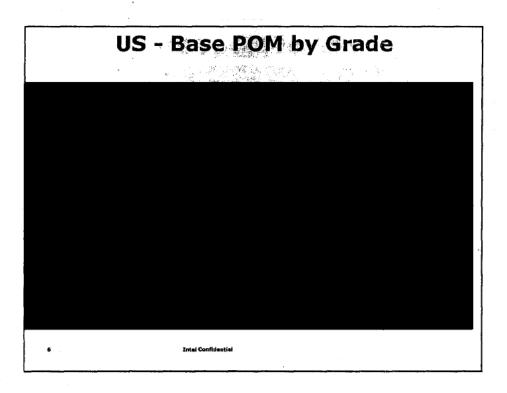
Israel T/O below the Israel market at 11% for overall business. Change 5.9 to 6%



### QUESTION:

Eng. Managers are benchmarked to the development eng.managers. Overall POM is higher than in FSM. Do we want position the eng. mgr to be as high as the product group

Position of Market = Intel divided by the Market
The market is the denominator, so you determine what is the % to Market.

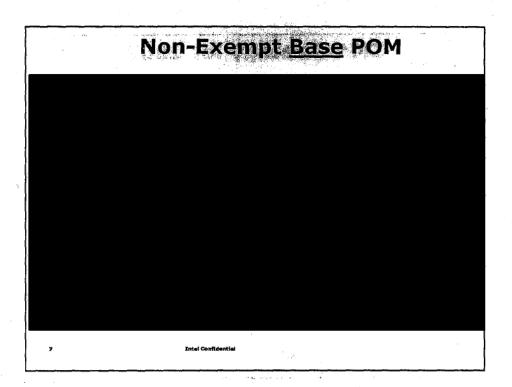


MatchedJobs MatchedJobsPercent MatchedEEPercent

993 0.786
0.965

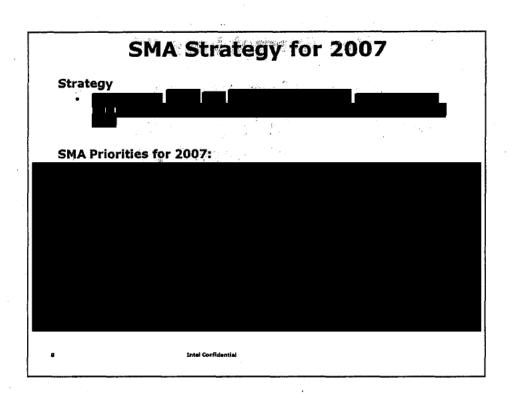
# T-Comp Companies

Radford - Primary (75%) Chips - Secondary (25%)



When you look at Grade 53 for all of FSM- POM is 92%. Includes the Oregon Work Study technicians

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TMG Mfg. Groups

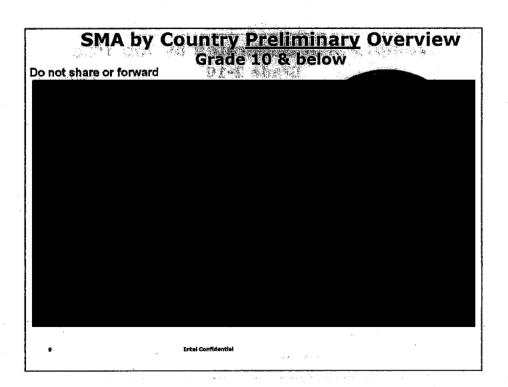
Exempts - from 40% in 2006 to 25% in 2007

Nonexempts - from 32% in 2006 to 13% in 2007

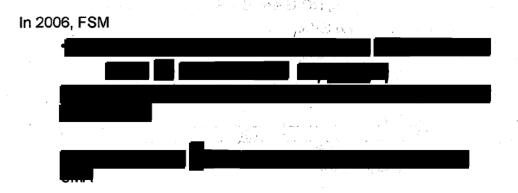
Change due to:

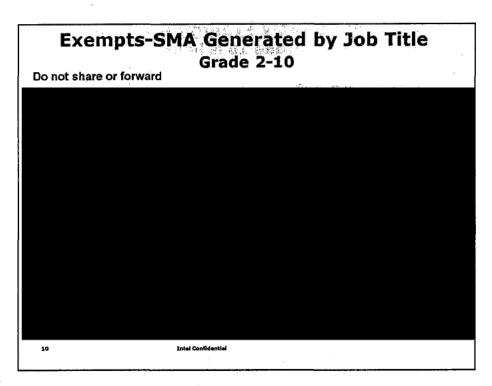
Reduced H/C (Flash)

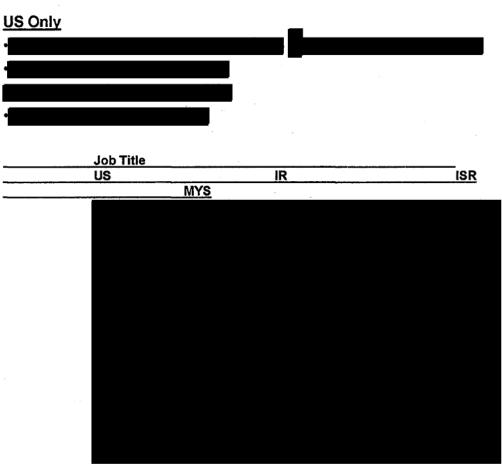
The market gap was closed for many jobs as a result of identifying them as critical in 2006



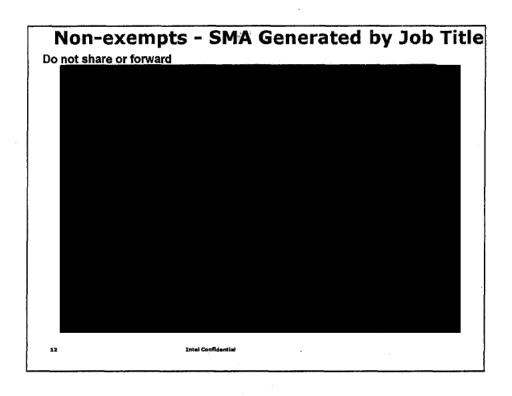
Data pulled from the MDAT Employee List Report

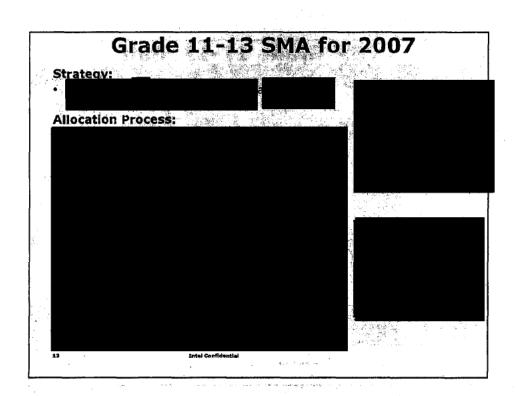








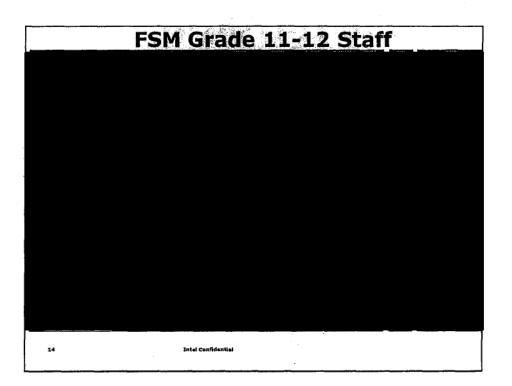




- •T-Comp Companies used as Benchmark
- •Two Surveys used: Radford and Towers Perrin
  •Final rate is a weighted average based on survey incumbents
- ·SMA analysis will be on BASE pay, T-cash used as a check only

### **EB** Guidelines

<u>Grade</u>	Before	<u>New</u>	<u>:</u>



Key Messages:

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### FSM Wrap Up

#### Focal

- · Merit: Same message as last year!
  - Spend all your Focal budget

  - Apply Meritocracy Promo your high performers "Do the Right Thing"
- Promotions:
  - Would expect to see more promotions of your higher performers in the lower grades
     Process Engineers Gr. 6, Automation Eng., Grade 3 and Eng. Mgr. Gr 6-9
- SMA:
  - Redistribute SMA to those higher performing employees who are paid below market goals.
  - goals.

    No SMA increase to IR employees, BE's may be considered, but should be a lower priority

    Improve market position for process and software engineers.

    Do NOT share SMA information "For Your Eyes" Only

### **Next Steps**

- January Focal Kick-off
  - Review final budget and any key analysis with your staff

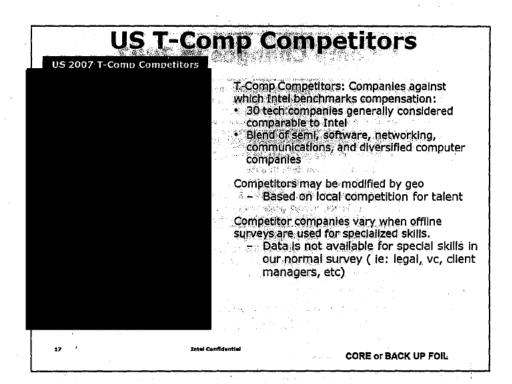
### **Challenges facing FSM**

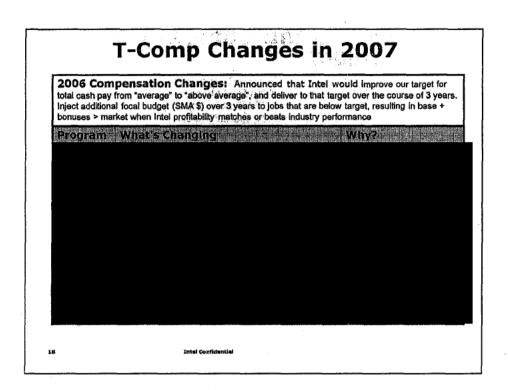
Reduction of POR Retention Headcount reductions Factory Roadmap **Productivity** Keeping employee motivated Sabbatical Coverage

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Back-Up



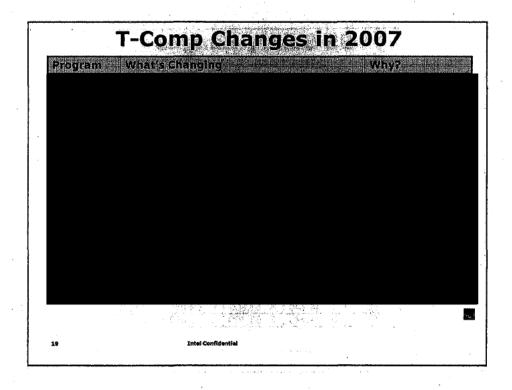


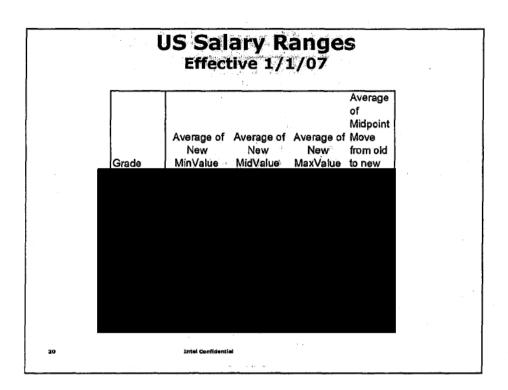
### **Key Challenges**

Attracting and retaining talent in the midst of redeployment actions, while competitor companies continue to hire

Low employee morale caused by SET actions resulting in reduced employee engagement

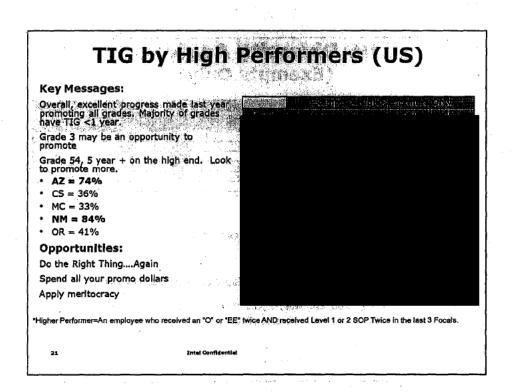
Most markets are seeing increased demand for Engineers

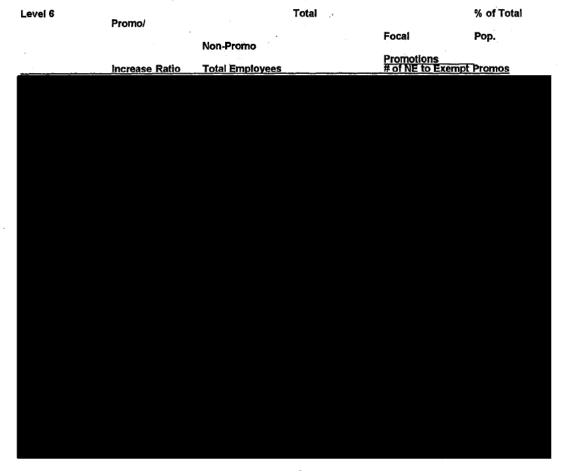


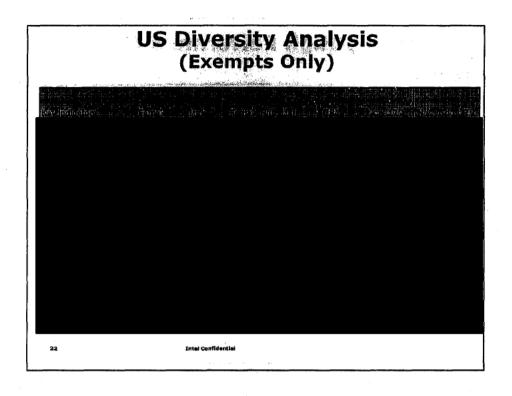


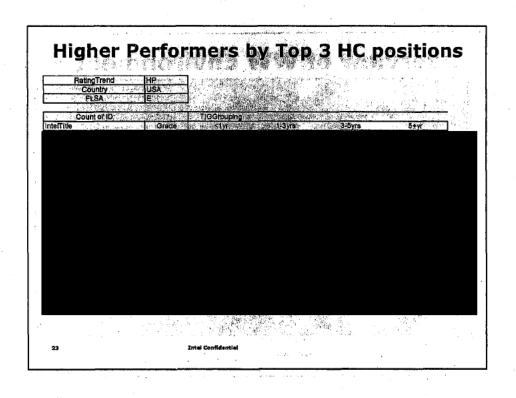
Data pulled from Linda Lutter's excel file titled Salary Range Move Summary – Focal 2007

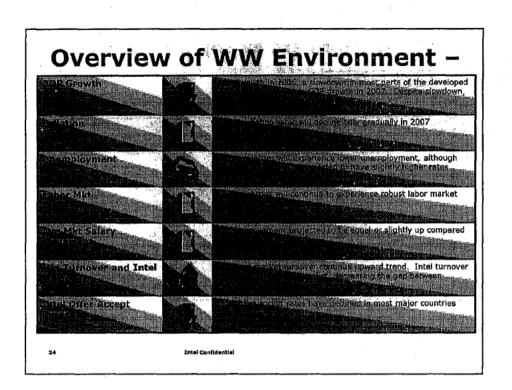
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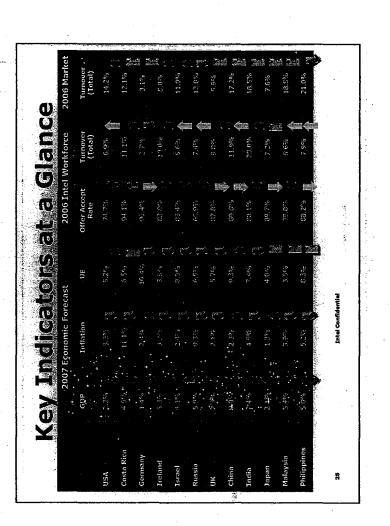




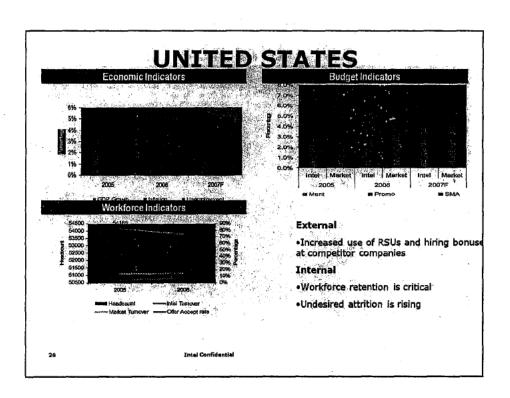


### GDP Growth:

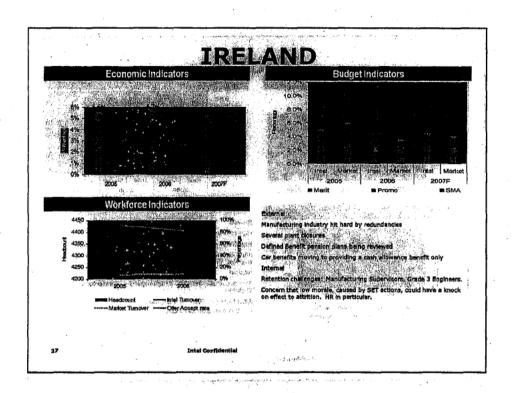
In terms of global GDP growth, 2006 will be an improvement on 2005, with the world economy now estimated to expand by 5.3% (measured using purchasing power parity—PPP—weights). But a slowdown in most parts of the developed world will reduce world GDP growth to 4.7% in 2007 and 2008. Economic expansion over the forecast period as a whole (2007-11) will average about 4.5% per year. While this is almost the same rate as in the previous five years, it is very strong compared with the long-run trend and reflects the increasing weight in the world economy of dynamic emerging markets. China and India, in particular, are helping to lift the global economy as they will continue to expand rapidly. Measured using GDP at market exchange rates (which gives greater emphasis to the OECD countries and reflects the exchange rates at which firms trade and repatriate profits), world GDP growth is forecast to slow from an estimated 4% in 2006 to 3.2% in 2007, a pace that will be maintained in 2009-11.



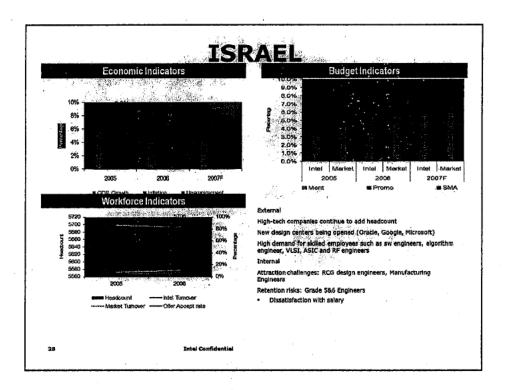
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- ► Expectations are for a deceleration of U.S. economic growth in 2007, with some risk of recession present.
- ▶ Growth of U.S. labor force expected to be flat for next several years.
- ► More than half of leading technology companies are currently reporting normal to aggressive hiring patterns in the US
- ▶ Intel voluntary turnover is increasing and staffing indicators are deteriorating.



- ▶ GDP growth to remain robust over the next year, although 2006 is expected to be the peak.
   ▶ Population growth to exceed that of most prosperous countries, aided by both natural growth and immigration from the EU and Eastern Europe.
   ▶ Manufacturing sector has flourished in recent years, but a pull-back is evidenced by
- numerous redundancy announcements
- ▶ Retention issues exist for Mfg Supervisors and Grade 3 engineers.



- ▶ GDP growth expected to slow as a result of the conflict in Lebanon, but it should pick back up in absence further deterioration in the security situation.
- ▶ R&D is the primary strength of its high-tech sector, due to having the world's highest proportion of engineers in the workforce.
- ► Labor force growth is strong, due to increases in female participation and strong immigration trends.
- ▶ Strong competition of labor and attrition risk among experienced engineers is high.

# **US Focal Budget - Historical**

	2004	2005	2006	2007
Budget				
Focal budget - MERIT	3.0%	2.8%	3.8%	4.0%
Focal budget - PROMO/ADJ	0.7% ~	0.6%	1.1%	1.1%
Focal budget - SMA	0.3%	0.4%	22%	TBD
Focal budget - TOTAL	4.0%	3.8%	7.1%	TBD
Market salary increase - MERIT	The second secon	3.8%	4.0%	4.0%
Market salary increase - PROMO/A	(D)	1.2%	1.4%	1.1%
Market salary increase - OVERALL		4.3%	4.6%	4.8%

Actuals in Black Estimates in Blue Forecasts in Gree

\* As reported by Radford Surveys - not intended to be additive of Merit + Promo

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# Ireland Focal Budget - Historical

	2005	2006	2007
Budget			
Focal budget - MERIT	5.0%	4.5%	4.5%
Focal budget - PROMO/ADJ	1.3%	1.1%	1.3%
Focal budget - SMA	4.0%	2.5%	TBD
Focal budget - TOTAL	10.3%	8.1%	TBD
Market salary increase - TOTAL	6.0%	3.6%	4.1%

Actuals in Black Estimates in Blue Forecasts in Green

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# **Israel Focal Budget - Historical**

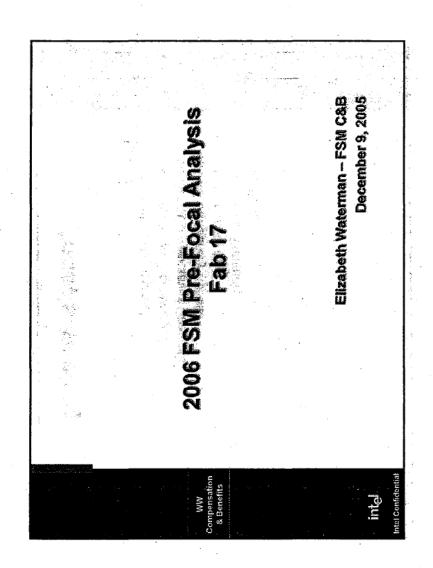
A Section of the sect	2005	2006	2007
Budget			
Focal budget - MERIT	3.5%	5.0%	5.9%
Focal budget - PROMO/ADJ	1.0%	1.3%	1.3%
Focal budget - SMA	0.1%	2.3%	TBD
Focal budget - TOTAL	4.6%	8.6%	TBD
Market salary increase - TOTAL	5.0%	5.4%	5.9%

Actuals in Black Estimates in Blue Forecasts in Green

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# Exhibit E

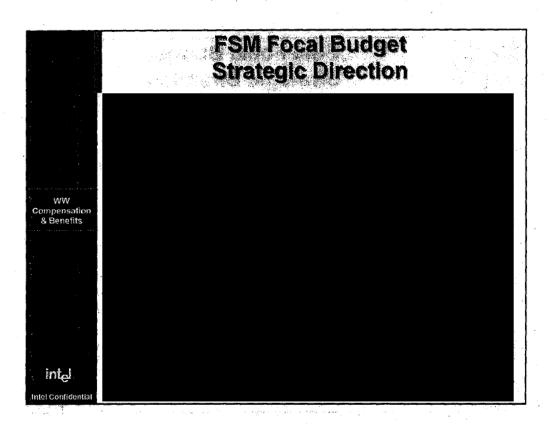


# intel

# **Today's Meeting**

### Agenda

- FSM Focal Strategic Direction
- Preliminary 2006 Focal Budget
- Proposed Compensation Changes
- Special Cut Survey Results
- Position of Market
- "Good News" Summary
- **Next Steps**



#### Point 1:

### **Problem Statements**

Employees are unhappy with total compensation

We have listened to employees: Employees are saying that they are not satisfied with total compensation and they want intel to do something differently. We know this through Org Health, F2F discussion and demographic data that ~60% of the population who have been at Intel for 5 years or less have seen little to no value from stock options. Employees have said, stock option value is not there, is Intel going to do something about it? This has led to a decline in employee trust.

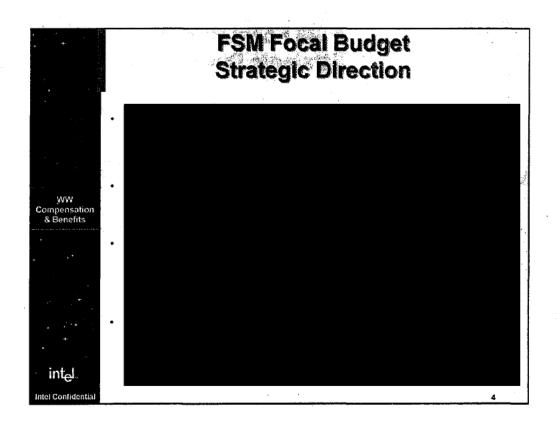
We have listened to Investors: Our investors want the highest gain possible from investing in Intel. Stock option expensing rules and internal controls to sustain stock value, have caused a need for many companies, including Intel to evaluate stock option program. We've determined that our stock option program as designed today must change.

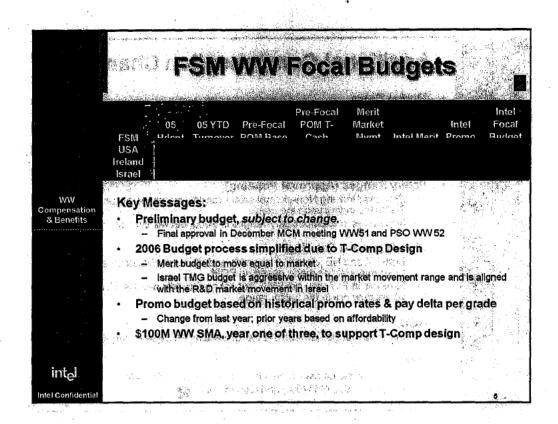
To determine the appropriate solution to those problems. Paul Otellini lead a 9 month study to determine what the right total compensation solutions are to meet the needs of employees, investors and meet the needs for a growing global company. In that study we benchmarked 40+ company best compensation practices and surveyed 3000 Intel employees globally to determine their preferences in total compensation. Intel employees said they wanted competitive cash compensation and meaningful stock, with less pay at risk. What we concluded in the study is has resulted in our strategic direction.

### Point 2:

- We found that our **compensation philosophy is sound**: Meritocracy and paying for individual and business performance and balancing employee and investor needs is still right for Intel's future.
- But we need to do a better job at delivering compensation when we perform better than companies in our market. We will do this by improving base pay so it matches market and ensure bonuses are greater than market when we perform
  - Actions we will take to achieve this goal is infusing more money into the focal budget process over the next 3 year to address gaps.
  - We will also make significant improvements to our stock plan by introducing Restricted Stock Units to all countries where feasible. There is a definition of Restricted Stock Unit below, but I will provide more information about restricted stock units in the upcoming foils.

Although the programs were evaluated through the 9 month study, there will be no changes to Employee Bonus, Employee Cash Bonus Program, or Stock Purchase Plan at this time.





FSM will spend \$2.3M additional promo doll ~1400 additional employees will be evaluated for p Addresses OHS survey feedback and concerns will

Chips Pulse Quarterly Trend Survey (1st and 2nd bullets on hiring) Radford QSIT Quarterly Trend Survey (3rd bullet on attrition)

Chips Trend Analysis for All Industries (STI)

Hiring rates and turnover rates, continued to rise in 2005. However, turnover continues to match (or exceed) hiring, resulting in no change in overall employment.

More companies are going back to normal hiring

34.7% companies reporting normal hiring from 29.0% a year earlier. Of T-Comp companies 62.5% report hiring replacements and critical hires, 29.2% report normal hiring.

Few hiring restrictions have been implemented in 2005. Only 17% reported some form of hiring freeze in Q3 2005 (as compared to 32% in Q4 2004).

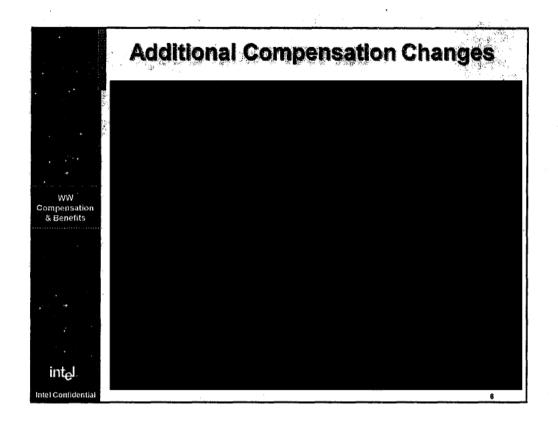
Companies project a slightly higher employment level at the end of 12 months as compared to today.

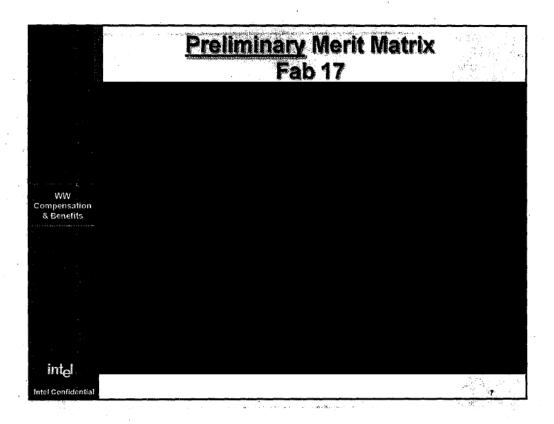
Attrition, especially voluntary turnover, continues to climb.

Reductions in Force (RIF), which spiked in Q1, continue at the relatively steady pace of 20% of firms per quarter announcing a RIF.

Use of short term incentives is increasing. More employees received awards (64.6% vs 58.3%) and the average award increased from 7.6% to 8.9% of base pay. Participation and award size is increasing at all levels. Target award values are constant year to year (9.4% vs 9.2%). The increase is actual award value is related to firms performing well against their incentive plan goals (versus an increase in target awards).

HC Growth:





76583DOC007082\_000007 CONFIDENTIAL - ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY Manufacturing Technicians

# WW Compensation & Benefits

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### **Manufacturing Tech Salary Survey**

### Background:

Fab 17 is ramping up to achieve increased production goals. Low accept to offer rates have caused management concerns regarding Intel compensation for Manufacturing Technicians.

### Survey Purpose:

 Fab 17 requested C&B to conduct a special cut survey for the New England region to ensure Intel compensation is competitive.



# Survey Methodology/Challenges

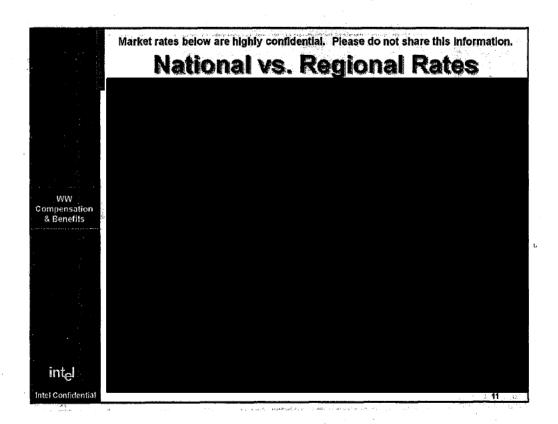
### Methodology:

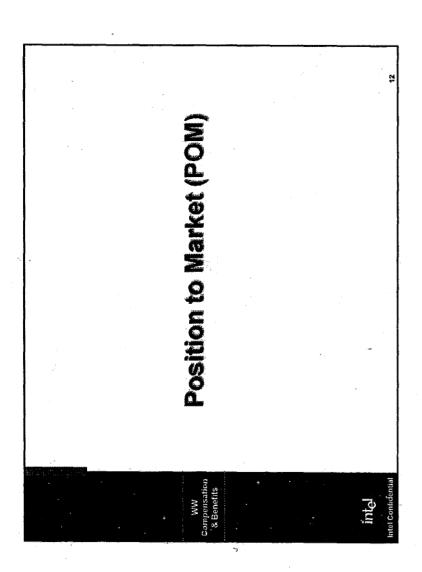
- Select companies chosen for special cuts of both Radford and CHIPS surveys by Fab 17

  - Radford: National and Regional cuts (primary survey)
     CHIPS, National, Regional, and Special / Select company cut
- Special cuts compared to Regional and National data for each survey

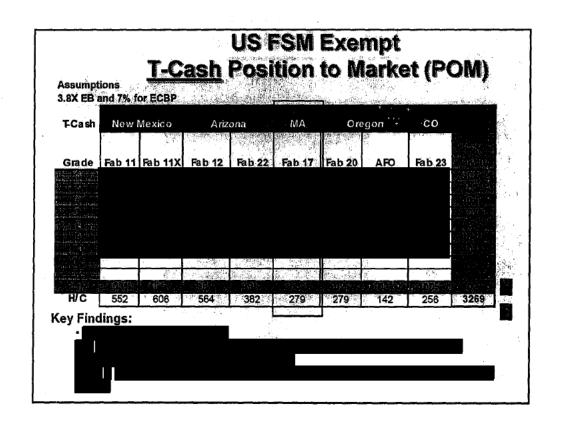
### Challenges

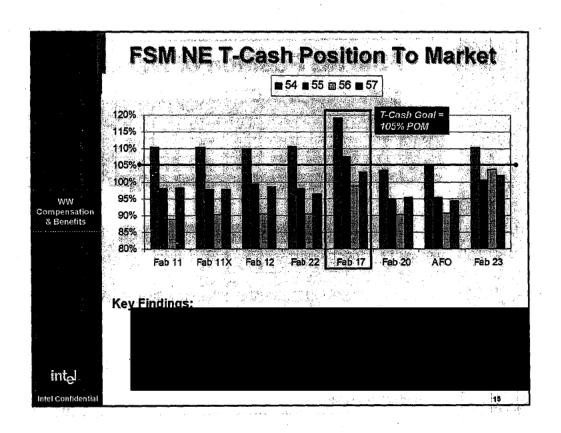
- Radford: No special cut data available.
  - · Many of the companies chosen by Fab 17 did not have enough incumbents to be statistically valid.

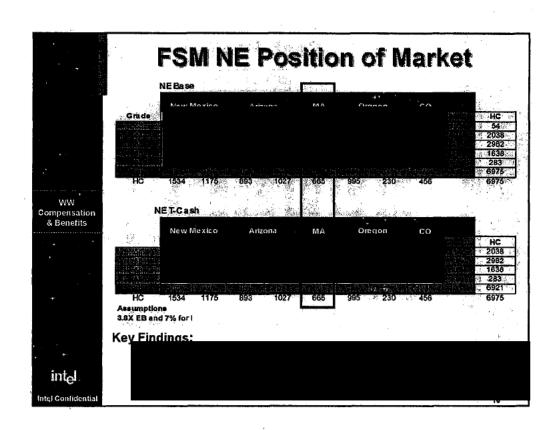


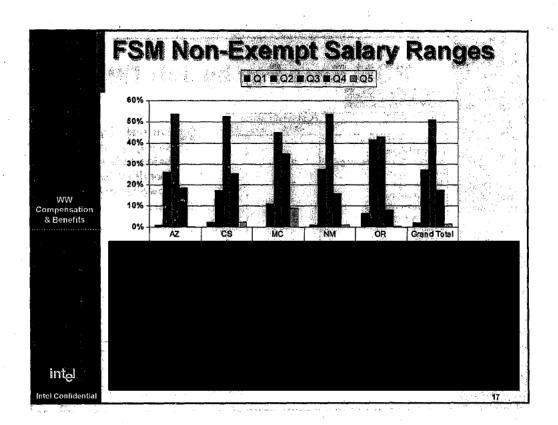


The street Beile	b 17 Ei		AN LEGICIE		
	Non-Exempt G53-57	Exempt G3-10	F17 Total	FSM WW	TIV W
H/C (current) TIG (Avg. Yrs)	665 Deg	X 270 (15)	60 944 L L		
Turnover		A CONTRACTOR	4.5%		
Offer to Accept	20% = G55-54 71% = G55-56	86% = G2-6  160% = G7			
Base Pay POM	7,107%	107%	1,407%		
T-Cash POM	110% L.F.	11376	111%		
T-Cash POM By Performance	THE RESERVE AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY OF THE	HP = 115% A4 = 11426 LP=1659	HP = 167% AP = 11376 LP = 140%		
2005 Promotions Does not include MY	135% 12	112,386	10%		
Salary Ranges	44%=64/5-	24% =04/51	38%=04/5		
Highest Grade %	CHEST THE STATE OF	G6 (25%)	N/A		



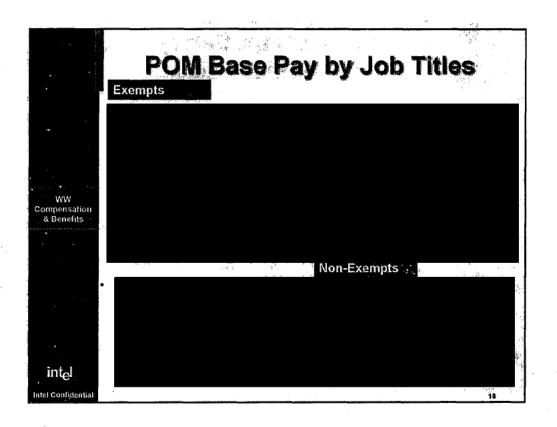






Massachusetts	population		

If spend to the Focal Tool merit recommendations, rank groups may have excess money available



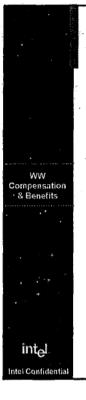


### "Good News" Summary

- Completed Special Cut survey for based on Fab 17 criteria
- Moved to national market rates for some technicians to be competitive.

### **Pending Approval**

- Non-exempt salary ranges may increase:
  - In MA, the G57 issue will be addressed and reflect higher compensation than other sites.
- Merit budget increased from last year by 1%.
- Promo budget almost twice as much as last year.
  - Do the Right Thing
- SMA budget will be three times larger than last year.
  - Use dollars to close the gaps to improve base market position for both exempts and non-exempts.



# **Next Steps**

- C&B
  - MCM Ratify and PSO to approve budget (WW51-52)
  - Approve SMA recommendations
  - Approve Non-exempt salary range recommendations
- F17
  - Develop strategy for moving long-term TIG employees to next grade.
  - Continue to partner with Staffing:
    - Pre-screen compensation prior to interviewing candidates.
    - Confirm candidates are offered the right grade level to match their experience.
    - · Continue to monitor accept/reject rates.

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